This argumentation follows that of Newman, "Jesus: the Testimony of Prophecy and History," IBRI RR #39, to appear as a chapter in Montgomery, <u>Evidence for Faith</u>:

If the Messiah has come, he is Jesus:

- A Light to the Gentiles: Isa 42:6-7; 49:5-6 This is just what Jesus has done, the only Jew claiming to be the Messiah who ever started a world religion
- Born yet Pre-existent: Micah 5:2; Isa 9:6-7
 Nicely explained in NT picture, problem for Judaism and
 theological liberals
- 3. Humble yet exalted: Dan 7:13-14; Zech 9:9 Jewish explanations: miraculous donkey! alternative comings rather than successive But NT view fits nicely: humble coming 1st (as child) exalted coming 2nd (as adult)
- 4. Suffering yet reigning: Ps 22; Zech 12:10; Isa 53 Jewish explanation: two Messiahs ben-Joseph to suffer ben-David to reign But sufferer pierced, rejected by Israel fits NT picture of Jesus beautifully
- 5. King yet priest: Ps 110 Jewish Essenes: king Messiah, priest Messiah But NT picture fits better: one individual is both king and priest

The Messiah has come

- To come while Judah had its own rulers: Gen 49:10 last king of Jews was Herod Agrippa 1 (AD 41-44) Jesus came just before this
- 2. To come while the 2nd temple still stood: Hag 2:3-9 2nd temple destroyed AD 70 Jesus came just before this
- 3. To be "cut off" after 69th sabbath cycle starts: Dan 9:25-26 1st cycle spans 445 BC 69th cycle AD 28-35 Jesus ministry ends with his crucifixion AD 30-33

Conclusion: Jesus is God's promised Messiah!